# Unit 3 General Business

## Company structure

Often a company is a business owned by one owner or proprietor. The owner receives the profit from the business, but also takes on the risks. When two or more individuals own the business it is called a **partnership**. Some companies <u>merge</u> with others or **expand** and restructure to become corporations that raise capital by offering **shares** to stockholders. The company can use the money from the shares to invest in its products or services and make a profit. The management of corporations is performed by directors who do not own the company but follow the **instructions** of the stockholders. Sometimes a company expands by making a successful takeover bid for another company through purchasing <u>a majority of</u> the shares. When a company does business, the earnings received are used to pay overhead and the stockholders receive the remaining money in the form of dividends.

- 1 partnership [`partnə,∫ɪp](n) 合夥關係
  - Ex. The company is developing a new car **in partnership with** leading auto manufacturers in Germany.

word family:

- > The two companies are <u>partners</u> in a contract to build a new power plant.
- > Are <u>partners</u> invited to the office party?
- Could you all please <u>partner up</u> with another student before we begin the game?
- 2 expand [Ik`spænd] (v) 擴張

Ex. There are plans to expand the airport.

word family:

- Women who conceive can wear pregnancy pants with <u>expandable</u> waists.
- > The video game industry underwent a period of rapid <u>expansion</u>.
- > There was an <u>expansive</u> view from the window.
- > The adventurers traveled across a broad <u>expanse</u> of desert.

cf.

### 1. expend

Ex. Manufactures have expended a lot of time and effort trying to improve computer security.

- 2. extend
- Ex. Management agreed to extend the deadline.

3. extent

Ex. I do agree with him to an extent.

word roots: 表「行為動作」tend, tens, tent = distended (away+stretch+adj) intensive (in+stretch+adj) extensive (out+stretch+adj) attentive (to+stretch+adj)

3 share [∫ɛr] (n) 股份

Ex. Ben invested some shares in CHT several years ago.

word family:

- The lion's share of his money went to his grandchildren.
- ▶ He's not **doing** his <u>share</u> of the work.
- Employees are given a <u>share</u> in decision-making.
- ▶ I <u>share</u> a house **with** three other people.
- 4 instruction [ɪn`strʌk ʃən] (n) 指示、命令

Ex. The players were given strict instructions not **to leave** the hotel. *word family*:

- He works in a sports center <u>instructing</u> people in the use of the gym equipment.
- A qualified <u>instructor</u> will show you how to ski.
- ➢ I found the talk on healthy eating very <u>instructive</u>.

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word roots:表「行為動作」struct =
construction (together+build+n)
destruction (not+build+n)
infrastructure (below+build+n)
obstruct (against+build)
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### Trade shows

A trade show is an event that often takes place once a year and gives companies from a particular industry the opportunity to showcase their products. Access to the venue can be restricted to only those companies involved in that particular trade or can be open to the public. Participants use this opportunity to **demonstrate** and sometimes launch their products, find out what their competitors are doing, and observe new trends. They can also network during the fair and this is useful for meeting new **contacts**. Before attending a trade show, companies should liaise with the trade show organizers to organize the stand where they will exhibit their products. Some companies sponsor events for extra publicity. They may also decide to print leaflets to promote their brand as well as produce items with their logo to **distribute** to fair participants.

5 demonstrate ['dɛmən.stret] (v) 顯示、展示

Ex. The government now has an opportunity to demonstrate its commitment to reform.

word family:

- > Thousands of people gathered to <u>demonstrate</u> against the new proposals.
- Police arrested several of the <u>demonstrators</u>.
- Let me give you a <u>demonstration</u> of how the camera works.
- > My father isn't very <u>demonstrative</u>, but I know he loves me.
- > There is a <u>demonstrable</u> link between smoking and lung cancer.
- 6 contact ['kantækt] (n) 熟人、聯繫

Ex. Do you and your old school friends still keep/get/stay in contact? *word family*:

- > Physical <u>contact</u> between a mother and child is very important.
- > Please don't hesitate to <u>contact</u> me if you have any questions.
- Please give your name, address, and an emergency <u>contact</u> number.

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word roots: 表「感官動作」tact, tach, tag, tang, tig =
intact (not+touch)
attach (to+touch)
contagious (together+touch+adj)
intangible (not+touch+adj)
contiguous (together+touch+adj)
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## 7 distribute [d1'stribjut] (v) 分配

Ex. The books will be distributed free to local schools. *word family*:

- Solution Oxfam organized the <u>distribution</u> of food and clothing in the disaster area.
- ▶ 經銷商:

wood roots: 表「行為動作」tribute = attribute (go+give) contribute (together+give) retribution (back+give+n)

#### Word choice: give

1. put sth in one's hand:

2. officially give sth to sb:

3. give sth to people in a group:

4. give to a charity:

5. give sth to sb after you die:

#### **Exports** / imports

Nowadays an increasing amount of cargo is being brought from overseas or sent abroad as countries exchange **commodities**, in other words, become involved in trade. This freight is **packed** into/in large containers and then hauled by road, air, or ship to its destination. If the cargo is fragile, then it must be handled with care and cushioned in reinforced packaging to protect it from damage. Often, cargo that is going to be transported is stored temporarily in a warehouse before being loaded onto a vehicle. If the shipment is being exported, then each commodity and its quantity or weight must be declared to the customs officials of the receiving country.

8 export [Iks`port] (n) 輸出 OPP:

Ex. They are now manufacturing more goods for export. [U] *word family*:

- Coffee is one of Brazil's main <u>exports</u>.
- French cheeses are <u>exported</u> to many different countries.
- Saudi Arabia is the world's largest oil <u>exporter</u>.

word roots:表「行為動作」port = deport (away+carry) support (under+carry) transport (across+carry) porter (carry+n=sb)

9 commodity [kə`madətɪ] (n) 商品

Ex. Oil is a commodity in high demand.

word family:

➢ If you are going into teaching, energy is a necessary <u>commodity</u>.

<u>synonyms</u>:

- > There's a 20% discount on all electrical \_\_\_\_\_\_ till the end of the week.
- Shoppers complained about poor quality \_\_\_\_\_ and high prices.

10 pack [pæk] (v) 裝 (箱)、包裝 **OPP:** 

Ex. He packed a small **bag/suitcase** for the weekend. *word family*:

- $\succ$  Fans <u>packed</u> the stadium to watch the final match.
- > He bought a <u>pack</u> of cigarettes at a convenience store.
- > The postman has just delivered a <u>package</u> for you.
- ➤ a <u>package</u> of cookies = a \_\_\_\_\_ of biscuits
- > The hotel, airfare and museum fees are all part of our vacation <u>package</u>.
- > The organic olives are <u>packaged</u> in recycled glass containers.

# Prefixes & Suffixes

# Verb prefixes and suffixes (動詞字首與字尾)

en/in/be+名詞或形容詞

| adjective/noun | prefix | verb    |
|----------------|--------|---------|
| јоу            | en-    | enjoy   |
| large          |        | enlarge |
| sure           |        | ensure  |

# 名詞或形容詞+動詞字尾

| noun/adjective | suffix | verb       |
|----------------|--------|------------|
| strength       | -en    | strengthen |
| threat         |        | threaten   |
| short          |        | shorten    |
| simple         | -fy    | simplify   |
| just           |        | justify    |
| custom         | -ize   | customize  |
| special        |        | specialize |
| analysis       | -yze   | analyze    |
| paralysis      |        | paralyze   |