


小風英文教室

小風編輯

版權聲明

- 本投影片唯能用在非營利教學用途之上。
- 本投影片歡迎轉載，但不得修改後轉載。轉載請註明出處。
- 有任何錯誤，建議，請聯絡作者。

- 小風英文教室 by [Scott Deeann Chen](#) is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivs 3.0 Unported License](#). 
- 作者信箱：[awea.ther.star.craft](mailto:awea.ther.star.craft@gmail.com) (小老鼠) gmail (點) com
- Facebook:
<https://www.facebook.com/AweathersEnglishClub>

動詞

動詞的分類與五大句型

類別		範例	句型
不及物動詞	完全不及物動詞	work, sleep	主 + 動
	不完全不及物動詞	look, taste	主 + 動 + 主補
及物動詞	完全及物動詞	wash, read	主 + 動 + 受
	不完全及物動詞	made, let	主 + 動 + 受 + 受補
	授予動詞	give, teach	主 + 動 + 直受 + 間受 主 + 動 + 間受 + 直受

- 動詞的分類依據動詞的意思而定，同一個動詞可用在不同句型內。

規則動詞的變化

- 動詞分四種形式
 - V 為現在簡單式 (分兩種)
 - V 為常態
 - V-s 為第三人稱單數
 - V-ed 為過去簡單式
 - V-ed 為過去分詞
 - V-ing 為現在分詞
- 有許多動詞並不按照此規則變化，為例外，需額外學習。

BE 動詞的變化

	第一人稱	第二人稱	第三人稱
單數現在簡單式	am	are	is
複數現在簡單式	are		are
單數過去簡單式	was	were	was
複數過去簡單式	were		were
單數過去分詞	been		
複數過去分詞			
單數現在分詞	being		
複數現在分詞			

代名詞

人稱代名詞

	單數	複數
主格代名詞	I you he, she, it	we you they
受格代名詞	me you him, her, it	us you them
受格 (反身) 代名詞	myself yourself himself, herself, itself	ourselves yourselves themselves
所有格代名詞	mine yours hers, his, its	ours yours theirs
所有格形容詞	my your her, his, its	our your their

不定代名詞

everyone	someone	anyone	no one
everybody	somebody	anybody	nobody
everything	something	anything	nothing

- 以上不定代名詞為單數名詞。
 - Somebody **is** over there.
 - Nothing **is** more important than health.
- 不定代名詞除以上列表以外包含：
 - 單數：each, either, neither, one, oneself, etc.
 - 複數：both, few, many, several, etc.
 - 單數或複數：all, any, most, none, some, etc.

代名詞表示一般名詞

- 代名詞須與所代表之主詞相符。
 - My friend came to my place, and **he** asked me to help **him**.
 - My friend came to my place, and **she** asked me to help **her**.
 - My friends came to my place, and **they** asked me to help **them**.
- 在描述一般情況時，如須迴避性別使用，可用第三人稱複數。
 - A teacher should prepare for **his** lectures.
 - Teachers should prepare for **their** lectures.

代名詞表示不定代名詞

- 代名詞需與不定代名詞之單複數相符
 - Somebody left **his** iPad here.
 - Somebody left **his or her** iPad here.
 - (非正式) Somebody left their iPad here.
- There are two books on the table. Both are not mine.
- Most of the books are yours. Several are mine.
- Most of the fruit is eaten.

代名詞表示集合名詞

- 主詞為集合名詞時，代名詞所代表的可能是：
 - 集合本身
 - 一個個體的集合
- 例句：
 - The class **is** small. It has only 3 people.
 - The class **are** very responsive. They always ask questions.

反身代名詞

	單數	複數
主格代名詞	I you he, she, it	we you they
受格代名詞	me you him, her, it	us you them
受格 (反身) 代名詞	myself yourself himself, herself, itself	ourselves yourselves themselves

反身代名詞

- 當主詞與受詞皆為同一名詞時，使用反身代名詞。
 - (X) I cooked for me.
 - (O) I cooked for myself.
- 反身代名詞可表示親自進行某件事。
 - I myself wrote the report.
 - I wrote the report myself.
- 「**by + 反身代名詞**」表示獨自 (**alone**)
 - I drove from Taipei to Kenting by myself.

泛指或非特指之代名詞

- **one (正式) / you (非正式)**
 - One should never drink and drive.
 - You should never drink and drive.
- **Someone/somebody (正式) / They (非正式)**
 - A: What happened to your car?
B: Somebody broke into my car.
 - A: What happened to your car?
B: They towed it away.
 - They grow rice in Chianan Plain.

表示「其他」的代名詞 **OTHER**

- 使用代名詞 **other** 時，須加冠詞（**a/空冠詞/the**）。

非特指	單數	another
	複數	others/some others
特指	單數	the other
	複數	the others

- 例句：
 - I bought a monitor in Taiwan, and I bought another in the US.
 - Some monitors have a 16:9 aspect ratio. Others have a 16:10 aspect ratio.
 - I have two monitors. One of them was bought in Taiwan. The other was bought in the US.
 - I have three monitors. One of them was bought in Taiwan. The others were bought in the US.

表示「其他」的代名詞 **OTHER**

- **another/other** 做為形容詞時，表示另一個 / 其他的意思，是為後置限定詞。

		形容詞	代名詞
非特指	單數	another book/ one other book	another
	複數	other books	others
特指	單數	the other book	the other
	複數	the other books	the others

- **another** 除表示「另一個」以外，也對時間金錢距離表示「再」多久 / 多少錢 / 多遠。
 - another three years
 - another two hundred dollars
 - another three miles

OTHER 的用法

	中文釋義	例句
each other one another	相互	They like each other. They like one another.
every other	每兩個	I swim every other week.
the other day the other morning	前幾天 前幾天早上	I found it the other day. I found it the other morning.
one after the other one after another	一個接著一個	The students fell asleep one after another.
other than except	除此之外	Everybody other than his ex-girlfriend liked him.
in other words	簡而言之	He said that he was going to work tomorrow evening. In other words, he will not come to our party.

參考資料

- **Betty Schramper Azar, Understanding and using English Grammar, Third Edition, 2006, Longman**
- **Sidney Greenbaum, The Oxford English Grammar, First Edition, 1996, Oxford University Press**
- **Randolph Quirk et al., A Comprehensive Grammar of the English Language, 1985, Longman Group Limited**