Unit 5 Travel

■ Air travel

When you **arrive** at the airport, take your baggage/luggage, ticket, and identification to the <u>check-in desk</u>. Passengers who only have a <u>carry-on bag</u> can also check in online or on computers at the airport. Then **proceed** through security to the <u>boarding gate</u>. Check the information boards to see if your flight is **delayed** or how long of a <u>layover</u> you may have. As you **board** your plane, a member of the <u>cabin crew</u> will check your <u>boarding pass</u> and direct you to the correct aisle and seat. When you arrive at your destination, pick up you baggage from the carousel. If your **flight** is international, you will <u>go through customs</u> and passport control. If you have crossed several time zones, you may suffer from jetlag when you arrive.

1 arrive (v) 到達 **OPP**:

Ex. Tina arrived in the UK 2 hours ago. She should have arrived at the hotel by

word family:

- ➤ Hundreds of fans gathered to await the megastar's <u>arrival</u> at the airport. **OPP**:
- Congratulations on your new <u>arrival</u>.
- 2 proceed (v) 繼續進行、行進 cf.

Ex. Preparations for the festival are now proceeding smoothly. *word family*:

- Passengers for flight 508 to Istanbul should proceed to gate 27 for boarding.
- The <u>proceeds</u> of the festival today will go to several local charities.
- Abby is taking **legal proceedings** against her ex-partner.

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word roots: 表「行為動作」ceed, cess, ced(e) =
exceed (out+go)
recess ((back+go)
concede (together+go)
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3 delay (n) 延遲、耽擱 cf.

Ex. The situation needs to be tackled without delay. *word family:*

I think we should delay deciding about this **until** next year.

	<u>synonyms</u> :			
	➤ We've had to going on our holiday because of our jobs.			
	Never until tomorrow what you can do today.			
	The meeting was until Monday.			
4	board (v) 登(機/船/車) OPP :			
Ex. You must have a ticket in order to board the train.				
	word family:			
	 Passengers can check the departure board for train times. 			
	 She has recently been appointed to the <u>Board</u> of Directors. 			
	 Welcome to the team. It's great to have you on board. 			
	They finally went <u>aboard</u> the plane. cf.			
5	flight (n) 班機、航程			
3	5 () 121X 1461E			
	Ex. The flight from New York to Heathrow took about 8 hours.			
	<u>collocations:</u>			

Business trip

Usually a business trip is less **stressful** if the traveler knows something about the destination before making the journey and has a well-planned itinerary. During periods when there are **exhibitions** or conferences, all kinds of accommodations, from expensive hotels to lower-priced guesthouses, can fill up quickly. When there are not many vacancies, hotel receptionists will not accept bookings unless they get last-minute cancellations. So company representatives traveling on business trips should **reserve** their hotel rooms ahead of time. Fortunately, most hotels publish brochures, either online or in paper form, advertising the facilities and amenities available. These amenities may include such things as the availability of a gym or swimming pool, and <u>complimentary meals</u>. The hotel may provide <u>courtesy transportation</u>. In case it doesn't, a traveler should have some local currency available to pay for the taxi fare. Before registering at a hotel, travelers should pay attention to this information if they don't want to be disappointed.

6 stressful (a) 緊張的

Ex. Police work is physically demanding and stressful.

word family:

- ➤ People **under** a lot of <u>stress</u> may experience headaches, minor pains and sleeping difficulties.
- ➤ I've been really <u>stressed</u> (out) at work recently.
- The manager <u>stressed</u> that this was a temporary solution.
- ➤ The course **puts/lays/places** great <u>stress</u> **on** the importance of oral communication.

7 exhibition (n) 展覽

Ex. The photographs will be **on exhibition** until the end of the month.

word family:

- Each exhibit was clearly labeled with a name and number.
- ➤ His work will be <u>exhibited</u> in London later this year.
- ► He was <u>exhibiting</u> symptoms of stress.

8 reserve (v) 預約、保存

preserve (before+keep)

Ex. The seats are reserved **for** the elderly and women with babies.

word family:

- She finally overcame her own natural <u>reserve</u>.
- > a wildlife reserve = ____ = ____
- We **made** dinner reservations at the restaurant for 6 o'clock.
- ➤ He has <u>reservations</u> about the proposals because they reduce workers' rights.

word roots: 表「行為動作」serv =
conserve (加強+keep)
observe (toward+keep)
deserve (加強+keep)

3

Commuting

Most people commute to work along a regular route. In many urban areas, they have the choice between traveling by <u>public **transportation**</u> or by <u>private vehicle</u>. Commuters who drive may choose to carpool in fuel-**efficient** vehicles to save on the high cost of filling a gas tank and because of the difficulty of finding <u>parking spaces</u>. On public transportation systems, people can buy a <u>commuter pass</u> for the bus or subway to save on costs, but these <u>means of transportation</u> can also be crowded during <u>rush hour</u>. However, these commuters can avoid driving along <u>congested highways</u> or getting stuck in <u>traffic jams</u>. Sometimes the stress of these conditions causes <u>road rage</u>. People who live near their workplace can commute by foot or bike. Many cities provide <u>bike lanes</u>. If none of these means of transportation suit you, then a final option is to work from home.

9 trans<mark>port</mark>ation (n) 運輸

Ex. In order to save our planet, people need to get out of their cars and use other forms of transportation.

word family:

- ➤ Heavy items are expensive to <u>transport</u> by plane.
- The movie <u>transports</u> you **back to** the London of the 1960s.
- The workers will load the goods on the <u>transporter</u>.

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word roots: 表「行為動作」port =

deport (away+carry) = expel
support (under+carry)
porter (carry+n)
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10 efficient (a) 效率高的

Ex. The company aims to provide its clients with an efficient and friendly service. *word family*:

- They run the business very <u>efficiently</u>.
- Energy <u>efficiency</u> can play a huge role in reducing pollution.

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word roots: 表「行為動作」fic =
proficiency (forward+do+n)
sufficient (over+do+adj)
fiction (make+n)
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■ Suffixes

Adjective suffixes (形容詞字尾)

名詞或動詞+形容詞字尾

verb/noun	suffix	adjective
danger	-ous	dangerous
fame		famous
music	-al	musical
politics		political
economics		economical
cloud	-y	cloudy
dirt		dirty
drink	-able	drinkable
enjoy		enjoyable
flex	-ible	flexible
eat		edible
care	-ful	careful
hope	-less	hopeless
fortune	-ate	fortunate
attract	-ive	attractive
interest	-ing	interesting
excite	-ed	excited
friend	-ly	friendly